## Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 Duty to Disclose Information Material to Patentability.

- (a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served, and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application to being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of information material to patentability. Each office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of information material to patentability. Each office is aware of an evaluates the teachings of the information and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good fall in discussion. The duty of candor and good fall in discussion into the control of the patentability of an experiment of the application. The duty to disclose information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration need not be submitted if the information is not material to be patentability of any claim remaining under consideration has application. There is no duty to submit information, which is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration known to be material to patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in the application. There is no duty to submit information, which is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration information known to be material to patentability of any claim remaining under consideration information known to be material to patentability of any claim remaining under consideration information known to be material to patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in connection with which fraud on the Office was practiced or afterpited or the duty of disclosure was violeted through bad faith or intentional misconduct. The Office accountage applicants to carefully examine.
  - (1) Prior art cited in search reports of a foreign patent office in a counterpart application, and
- (2) The closest information over which individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application believe any pending daim patentably defines, to make sure that any material information contained therein is disclosed to the Office.
- (b) Under this section, information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made of record in the application, and
  - (1) It establishes, by Itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim; or
  - (2) It refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant takes in:
    - (i) Opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or
    - (ii) Asserting an argument of patentability.

A prima facile case of unpatentiability is established when the information compets a conclusion that a claim is unpatentiable under the preponderance of evidence, butdend-orpoot standard, olying each term in the claim its broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification, and before any consideration is given to evidence which may be submitted in an attempt to establish a contrary conclusion of patentiability.

- (c) Individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application within the meaning of this section are:
  - (1) Each inventor named in the application;
  - (2) Each attorney or agent who prepares or prosecutes the application; and
- (3) Every other person who is substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application and who is associated with the inventor, with the assignee or with anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application.
- (d) Individuals other than the attorney, agent or inventor may comply with this section by disclosing information to the attorney, agent, or inventor.
- (e) In any continuation-in-part application, the duty under this section includes the duty to disclose to the Office all information known to the person to be material to patentability, as defined in paragnaph (t) of this section, which became available between the filing date of the orior application and the national or PCT international filing date of the continuation-in-part application.

naterial to pateritability, as deline	of in paragraph (b) of this section, which section	
nd the national or PC1 internation	nal filing date of the continuation-in-part application.	

/Sean Motsinger/

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